

**BEFORE THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON**

ORDINANCE NO. 640

An ordinance amending Multnomah County Comprehensive Framework Plan to comply with the Periodic Review requirements of the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development.

SECTION 1. FINDINGS

The Board of County Commissioners finds that certain amendments of the Multnomah County Comprehensive Framework Plan are necessary to comply with the Periodic Review requirements of the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT

The Comprehensive Framework Plan is amended as follows:

Note: Deleted language is bolded and struck thru (~~temporary daytime~~), and new language bolded and enlarged(**is distinguished**).

A. Policy 1- Plan Relationships

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this policy is to establish and maintain the relationships between this Comprehensive Framework Plan ("Framework Plan") and its implementation measures.

1. The Statewide planning goals adopted by the Land Conservation and Development Commission;
2. The Urban Growth Boundary adopted by METRO;
3. The Comprehensive Plan in effect prior to September, 1977, ("Pre-existing Plan"); and
4. The Wilkes and Hayden Island Community Plans adopted prior to September 1977, and all other community plans adopted after September 1977.

This policy also establishes the relationship between this Framework Plan and County zoning regulations.

POLICY 1.

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY THAT:

- A. THIS FRAMEWORK PLAN WITH ITS COMPONENT INDIVIDUAL COMMUNITY PLANS AND ALL FUTURE COUNTY PLANS AND PLAN REVISIONS SHALL BE DESIGNED TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THE STATEWIDE PLANNING GOALS ADOPTED BY THE LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION AND THE URBAN GROWTH BOUNDARY AND ITS IMPLEMENTING POLICY ADOPTED BY THE METRO**

COUNCIL.

- B. COMMUNITY PLANS AND IMPLEMENTATION MEASURES ADOPTED BY MULTNOMAH COUNTY AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS FRAMEWORK PLAN SHALL BE DESIGNED TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THIS FRAMEWORK PLAN.
- C. IN DETERMINING THE PERMISSIBLE USES OF A SPECIFIC PARCEL, THE PROVISIONS OF AN APPLICABLE COMMUNITY PLAN, IF ANY, SHALL CONTROL OVER CONFLICTING PROVISIONS OF THIS FRAMEWORK PLAN OR THE PRE-EXISTING PLAN. FURTHERMORE, UNLESS A SPECIFIC FRAMEWORK PLAN POLICY STATES THAT IT IS TO SUPERSEDE A COMMUNITY PLAN POLICY,, IN CASE OF LAND USE ACTIONS WHERE ANY CONFLICT OCCURS BETWEEN THE FRAMEWORK PLAN AND THE COMMUNITY PLAN, THE COMMUNITY PLAN WILL PREVAIL.
- D. IN AREAS DESIGNATED BY THIS FRAMEWORK PLAN AS NATURAL RESOURCE OR RURAL, THE COMPARABLE LAND USE DESIGNATIONS ON THE PRE-EXISTING PLAN SHALL BE REPEALED ON THE DATE THE FRAMEWORK PLAN IS ADOPTED. AT THAT TIME, ZONING REGULATIONS IMPLEMENTING THE FRAMEWORK PLAN DESIGNATIONS SHALL BE ADOPTED.
- E. IN AREAS DESIGNATED BY THIS COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK PLAN AS URBAN, AND WHERE AN APPLICABLE COMMUNITY PLAN HAS NOT BEEN ADOPTED, THE PRE-EXISTING PLAN AND COUNTY ZONING SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT. ANY CHANGE IN SUCH DESIGNATIONS SHALL BE CONSISTENT WITH THIS COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK PLAN. WHERE A PROPOSED USE IS PERMITTED BY BOTH THE PRE-EXISTING PLAN AND THE ZONING MAP, REQUIRED PERMITS MAY BE ISSUED, NOTWITHSTANDING A CONFLICT WITH THIS COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK PLAN.
- F. THIS PLAN WILL BE UPDATED EVERY FIVE YEARS BEGINNING SEPTEMBER 1977.
- G. THE NEW ZONING REGULATIONS SHALL PROVIDE, AMONG OTHER THINGS, FOR THE CONTINUANCE, BUT NOT THE EXPANSION OF NON-CONFORMING USES.
- H. ANY COUNTY ACTION TAKEN REGARDING INCORPORATION OF A NEW CITY SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE RULES ADOPTED IN OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULE 660-14-000 THROUGH -040.

B. Policy 10 - Multiple Use Agricultural Land Area

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the Multiple Use Agriculture Land Area Classification is to conserve those lands agricultural in character which have been heavily impacted by non-farm uses and are not predominantly Agricultural Land as defined in Statewide Planning Goal 3. This conservation is necessary to protect adjacent exclusive farm use areas and in some cases, the fragile nature of the lands themselves. These lands are conserved for diversified agricultural uses and other uses such as outdoor recreation, open space, residential development, and forestry when these uses are shown to be compatible with the natural resource base, character of the area, and other applicable plan policies.

The intent of this classification is to recognize the diminished nature of these areas for commercial

resource production, but to limit the adverse impacts of future development of them on nearby agricultural areas and on other lands of a more fragile nature (e.g., areas subject to flooding, but used for agricultural related uses).

POLICY 10

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO DESIGNATE AND MAINTAIN AS MULTIPLE USE AGRICULTURE, LAND AREAS WHICH ARE:

- A. GENERALLY AGRICULTURAL IN NATURE, WITH SOILS, SLOPE AND OTHER PHYSICAL FACTORS INDICATIVE OF PAST OR PRESENT SMALL SCALE FARM USE;
- B. PARCELIZED TO A DEGREE WHERE THE AVERAGE LOT SIZE, SEPARATE OWNERSHIPS, AND NON-FARM USES ARE NOT CONDUCTIVE TO COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURAL USE;
- C. PROVIDED WITH A HIGHER LEVEL OF SERVICES THAN A COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURAL AREA HAS: OR,
- D. IN AGRICULTURAL OR MICRO-CLIMATES WHICH REDUCE THE GROWING SEASON OR AFFECT PLANT GROWTH IN A DETRIMENTAL MANNER (FLOODING, FROST ETC.).

THE COUNTY'S POLICY, IN RECOGNITION OF THE NECESSITY TO PROTECT ADJACENT EXCLUSIVE FARM USE AREA'S, IS TO RESTRICT MULTIPLE USE AGRICULTURAL USES TO THOSE COMPATIBLE WITH EXCLUSIVE FARM USE AREAS.

STRATEGIES

- A. The following strategies should be addressed as part of the Community

Development Ordinance:

- 1. The Zoning Code should include a Multiple Use Farm Zone with:
 - a. a base minimum lot size; consistent with the character of the areas and the adjacent exclusive farm uses.
 - b. the following examples of uses:
 - (1) permitted as primary uses; agriculture and forestry practices and single family dwellings on legal lots;
 - (2) the sale of agricultural products on the premises, dwellings for farm help, and mobile homes, should be allowed under prescribed conditions;
 - (3) on lands which are not predominantly Agricultural Capability Class I, II, or III, ~~rural~~ planned developments, cottage industries, limited rural service commercial, and tourist commercial may be allowed as conditional uses; and
 - (4) the following uses should be allowed as conditional uses anywhere in the zone upon the showing that the conditional use standards can be met: commercial processing of

agriculture or forest products, commercial services, commercial dog kennels, and mineral extraction.

- c. Lot size requirements for uses allowed as conditional uses should be based on such factors as:
 - (1) topographic and natural features;
 - (2) soil limitations and capabilities;
 - (3) geologic limitation;
 - (4) climatic conditions;
 - (5) surface water sources, watershed areas and ground water sources;
 - (6) the existing land use and lotting pattern and character of the area;
 - (7) road access and capacity and condition;
 - (8) type of water supply;
 - (9) capacity and level of public services available; and
 - (10) soil capabilities related to a subsurface sewerage system.
 - d. Lots of Record Provisions.
 - e. Mortgage Lot Provisions.
 - f. Siting standards for dwellings proposed to be located adjacent to commercial agricultural or forestry use.
- 3. The County Streets and Road Standards Code should include criteria related to street width, road construction standards and required improvements appropriate to the function of the road and rural living environment.
 - 4. The Capital Improvements Program should not program public sewers to this area and the County should not support the formation or expansion of existing service district areas for the provision of water service.
- B. It is intended that industrial development which has a minimum impact be allowed on the south tip of Sauvie Island upon meeting all the applicable standards of the plan and conditional use procedures.
 - C. The conversion of land to another broad land use classification should be in accord with the standards set forth by the LCDC Goals, OAR's and in this Plan.

C. Policy 12 - Multiple Use Forest Area

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the Multiple Use Forest Area Classification is to conserve those lands suited to the production of wood fibre by virtue of their physical properties and the lack of intensive development; however, in areas where the lands are suitable and the use does not impact existing forestry or agricultural uses, other uses will be allowed.

The intent of this classification is to encourage small wood lot management, forestry, reforestation and agriculture. Other non-forest or non-farm uses such as ~~rural planned developments~~, limited service commercial, extractive industries and cottage industries may also be allowed.

POLICY 12

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO DESIGNATE AND MAINTAIN AS MULTIPLE USE FOREST, LAND AREAS WHICH ARE:

- A. PREDOMINANTLY IN FOREST SITE CLASS I, II, III, FOR DOUGLAS FIR AS CLASSIFIED BY THE U.S. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE;
- B. SUITABLE FOR FOREST USE AND SMALL WOOD LOT MANAGEMENT, BUT NOT IN PREDOMINANTLY COMMERCIAL OWNERSHIPS; AND
- C. PROVIDE WITH RURAL SERVICES SUFFICIENT TO SUPPORT THE ALLOWED USES, AND ARE NOT IMPACTED BY URBAN—LEVEL SERVICES; OR
- D. OTHER AREAS WHICH ARE:
 - 1. NECESSARY FOR WATERSHED PROTECTION OR ARE SUBJECT TO LANDSLIDE, EROSION OR SLUMPING; OR
 - 2. POTENTIAL REFORESTATION AREAS, BUT NOT AT THE PRESENT USED FOR COMMERCIAL FORESTRY; OR
 - 3. WILDLIFE AND FISHERY HABITAT AREAS, POTENTIAL RECREATION AREAS, OR OF SCENIC SIGNIFICANCE.

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO ALLOW FOREST USES ALONG WITH NON-FOREST USES; SUCH AS AGRICULTURE, SERVICE USES, AND COTTAGE INDUSTRIES; PROVIDED THAT SUCH USES ARE COMPATIBLE WITH ADJACENT FOREST LANDS.

STRATEGIES

- A. The following strategies should be addressed in the preparation of the Community Development Ordinance:
 - 1. The Zoning Code should include a Multiple Use Forest Zone with:
 - a. The minimum lot sizes for sub-areas of the district based on: the adjacent aggregated acreage tract size existing in each general sub-area, the forest use, and the productivity of the land. Small parcels in single ownership shall be aggregated.
 - b. The following examples of uses:
 - (1) Forestry practices, farm uses, resource conservation, and limited wood processing. Resource-related dwellings under prescribed conditions and non-resource-related dwellings under conditional uses. Such dwellings are to be allowed as approval criteria and siting standards designed to assure conservation of the natural resource base, protection from hazards, and protection of big game winter habitat.
 - (2) The sale of agricultural products on the premises should be allowed under prescribed conditions.
 - (3) ~~Rural planned developments~~, commercial processing of agricultural or forestry

products, cottage industries, limited rural service commercial, tourist facilities, recreational uses, and community facilities may be allowed as conditional uses.

(4) Mineral and aggregate extraction should be handled as a conditional use.

c. Lot size requirements for uses allowed as conditional uses should be based on such factors as:

- (1) topographic and natural features;
- (2) soil limitations and capabilities;
- (3) geologic limitation;
- (4) climatic conditions;
- (5) surface water sources, watershed areas, and groundwater sources;
- (6) the existing land use and lotting pattern;
- (7) road access and capacity and condition;
- (8) type of water supply;
- (9) capacity and level of public services available; and
- (10) soil capabilities related to a subsurface sewerage disposal system.

d. Mortgage Lot Provisions.

e. Lots of Record Provisions.

f. Homestead Lot Provisions.

2. The County Street and Road Standard Code should include criteria related to street widths, road construction standards, and required improvements appropriate to the function of the road and rural living environment.
3. The Capital Improvements Program should not program public sewers to this area, and the County should not support the formation or expansion of existing service district areas for the provision of water service.

B. The conversion of land to another land use classification should be in accord with the standards set forth by the LCDC Goals, OAR's and in this Plan.

D. POLICY 15 ~~AREAS OF SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN~~ WILLAMETTE RIVER GREENWAY

INTRODUCTION

~~The designation, "areas of significant environmental concern," is an overlay classification which will be applied as shown on the Comprehensive Framework Plan or as the result of a plan amendment to areas having significant natural or man-made features. It is not intended to restrict the use of land, as allowed by the Comprehensive Plan and other regulations, but to identify these areas in which land uses will be subject to a review process. However, the review process may result in the imposition of design standards to minimize adverse environmental and aesthetic impacts.~~

~~The purpose of the classification is to protect natural shoreline vegetation systems, critical and unique habitat areas, historic and archeological features, views and vistas, flood water storage areas and similar areas having public value. This will be achieved by locating buildings or uses on the site in a place which minimizes the impacts of the use on the features to be protected and~~

by design or landscaping techniques.

The Willamette River Greenway is a cooperative management effort between the state and local jurisdictions for the development and maintenance of a natural, scenic, historical, and recreational "greenway" along the Willamette River. The General Plan has been formulated by the Oregon Department of Transportation, pursuant to ORS 390.318. The Land Conservation and Development Commission has determined that a statewide planning goal (Goal 15) is necessary not only to implement the legislative directive, but to provide the parameters within which the Department of Transportation Greenway Plan may be carried out. Within those parameters local governments can implement Greenway portions of their Comprehensive Plans.

POLICY 15

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO ~~DESIGNATE AS AREAS OF SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN, AREAS HAVING SPECIAL PUBLIC VALUE IN TERMS OF ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING: PROTECT, CONSERVE, ENHANCE, AND MAINTAIN THE NATURAL, SCENIC, HISTORICAL, AGRICULTURAL, ECONOMIC, AND RECREATIONAL QUALITIES OF LANDS ALONG THE WILLAMETTE RIVER.~~

FURTHER, IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO PROTECT IDENTIFIED WILLAMETTE RIVER GREENWAY AREAS BY REQUIRING SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN TYPES OF DEVELOPMENT ALLOWED IN THE BASE ZONE THAT WILL ENSURE THE MINIMUM IMPACT ON THE VALUES IDENTIFIED WITHIN THE VARIOUS AREAS. THE PROCEDURES SHALL BE DESIGNED TO MITIGATE ANY LOST VALUES TO THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.

- A. ~~ECONOMIC VALUE, E.G., A TOURIST ATTRACTION;~~
- B. ~~RECREATION VALUE, E.G., RIVERS, LAKES, WETLANDS;~~
- C. ~~HISTORIC VALUE, E.G., HISTORIC MONUMENTS, BUILDINGS, SITES OR LAND MARKS;~~
- D. ~~EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH VALUE, E.G., ECOLOGICALLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY SIGNIFICANT LANDS;~~
- E. ~~PUBLIC SAFETY, E.G., MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY WATERSHEDS, FLOOD WATER STORAGE AREAS, VEGETATION NECESSARY TO STABILIZE RIVER BANKS AND SLOPES;~~
- F. ~~SCENIC VALUE, E.G., AREAS VALUED FOR THEIR AESTHETIC APPEARANCE;~~
- G. ~~NATURAL AREA VALUE, E.G., AREAS VALUED FOR THEIR FRAGILE CHARACTER AS HABITATS FOR PLANT, ANIMAL OR AQUATIC LIFE, OR HAVING ENDANGERED PLANT OR ANIMAL SPECIES, OR FOR SPECIFIC NATURAL FEATURES, OR VALUED FOR THE NEED TO PROTECT NATURAL AREAS; OR~~
- H. ~~ARCHEOLOGICAL VALUE, E.G., AREAS VALUED FOR THEIR HISTORICAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL VALUE.~~

~~FURTHER, IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO PROTECT THE ABOVE IDENTIFIED~~

AREAS BY THE FOLLOWING:

- ~~1. THE MAINTENANCE OF AN INVENTORY RELATED TO THESE SITES WHICH DELINEATES THEIR BOUNDARIES AND OTHER PERTINENT DATA WHICH PERTAINS TO THE VALUES OF THE IDENTIFIED AREAS.~~**
- ~~2. REQUIRING SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN TYPES OF DEVELOPMENT ALLOWED IN THE BASE ZONES THAT WILL ENSURE THE MINIMUM IMPACT ON THE VALUES IDENTIFIED WITHIN THE VARIOUS AREAS. THE PROCEDURES SHALL BE DESIGNED TO MITIGATE ANY LOST VALUES TO THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.~~**
- ~~3. PRIMARY EMPHASIS WILL BE PLACED ON PROTECTING THE VALUE FACTORS IDENTIFIED IN THE "FACTORS OF SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN CHART" FOR EACH AREA OF SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN. THIS USE OF THIS CHART SHALL NOT PRECLUDE THE PROTECTION OF OTHER VALUES IF THEY ARE LATER IDENTIFIED ON THE SITE AS TO THEIR QUANTITY, QUALITY AND LOCATION.~~**

STRATEGIES

- A. ~~The following areas should be designated as "areas of significant environmental concern":~~ The Willamette River Greenway should be based on the boundaries as developed by the state Department of Transportation. For the County, those areas are generally depicted on the map entitled Willamette River Greenway.**
 - ~~1. The Columbia Gorge from the Sandy River east to the County line.~~**
 - ~~2. The Sandy Scenic River.~~**
 - ~~3. Portions of the Mount Hood National Forest.~~**
 - ~~4. Smith and Bybee Lakes.~~**
 - ~~5. The Undeveloped Columbia River Islands.~~**
 - ~~6. Sturgeon Lakes.~~**
 - ~~7. Blue Lake and Columbia River shore area and islands.~~**
 - ~~8. Johnson Creek.~~**
 - ~~9. Such other areas as may be determined under established procedures to be suitable for this "area" designation.~~**
- B. The following strategies should be addressed in the preparation of the Community Development Title:**
 - 1. The Zoning Code should include:**
 - a. ~~an overlay zone entitled "Areas of Significant Environmental Concern" which should~~ An overlay zone entitled "Willamette River Greenway" which will establish an administrative review procedure to implement the requirements**

of the State of Oregon, Greenway Goal. The overlay zone should contain provisions related to:

1. ~~establish a review process for the approval of proposals and uses~~ setback lines for non-water dependent uses;
 2. ~~define special criteria within each area for the approval of proposals and uses which affect various features including, but not limited to, the following:~~
 - ~~(a) Natural shoreline vegetation systems;~~
 - ~~(b) Critical and unique wildlife habitats;~~
 - ~~(c) Historical features and archeological sites;~~
 - ~~(d) Significant vegetation;~~
 - ~~(e) Views and vistas;~~
 - ~~(f) Municipal water supplies;~~
 - ~~(g) Natural hazard lands;~~
 - ~~(h) Rare or valuable ecosystems and geological formations; and~~
 - ~~(i) endangered plant and animal systems.~~
 3. the review procedures;
 4. specific findings required.
- b. ~~A historic preservation overlay district which should be applied to areas or specific sites not otherwise designated for protection under CS, SEC or other zoning;~~ Those wetlands and water areas listed on Policy 16, Natural Resources, that are located within the Willamette River Greenway should receive a development review procedure comparable to the review process established for the Significant Environmental Concern zone.
- c. ~~An overlay zone entitled "Willamette River Greenway" which will establish an administrative review procedure to implement the requirements of the State of Oregon, Greenway Goal. The overlay zone should contain provisions related to:~~
- ~~1. setback lines for non water dependent uses;~~
 - ~~2. a design plan;~~
 - ~~3. the review procedures;~~
 - ~~4. specific findings required.~~
- C. ~~The "Willamette River Greenway" zone should be generally based upon the attached map entitled "Willamette River Greenway." Other policies of this Framework Plan are applicable to the Greenway as follows:~~ Other policies of this Framework Plan applicable to the Greenway are as follows:

~~POLICIES APPLICABLE TO WILLAMETTE RIVER GREENWAY LANDS~~

~~In addition to Policy 15, the following Framework Plan Policies are applicable to the use and management of lands within the Willamette River Greenway:~~

1. Agricultural lands: Policies 9 - Agriculture, and 10 - Multiple Use Agriculture.

2. Recreation: Policy 39 - Open Space and Recreation.
3. Access: Policy 40 - Development Requirements.
4. Fish and Wildlife: Policy 16 - Natural Resources.
5. Scenic Qualities and Views: Policy 16 - Natural Resources.
6. Protection and Safety: Policy 31 - Community Facilities and Uses Location.
7. Vegetation Fringe: Policy 16 - Natural Resources.
8. Timber Harvest: Policy 12 - Multiple Use Forest.
9. Aggregate Extraction: Policy 16 - Natural Resources.
10. Development away from river: Policy 14 - Development Limitations.
- ~~11. Greenway Setback: Policy 15 - Areas of Significant Environmental Concern.~~

E. POLICY 16 NATURAL RESOURCES

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the Natural Resources policy is to ~~protect areas which are necessary to the long-term health of the economy or a community; for example, mineral and aggregate sources, energy resource areas, domestic water supply watersheds, wildlife habitat areas, and ecologically significant areas.~~

~~The intent of the policy is to protect these areas for their natural resource value. Mineral, aggregate, energy and watershed areas are limited, and inappropriate land uses can destroy their future use. Significant habitat and ecological areas are important to the public for their educational, recreational and research value, and they often function to balance the effects of other land uses. The benefits gained by the preservation of wildlife habitat range from aesthetic enhancement of the landscape to improvement of community health. Greenspaces and vegetation significantly affect such factors as air flow, temperatures, oxygenation, travel patterns and pollution.~~ implement statewide Planning Goal 5: "Open Spaces, Scenic and Historic Areas, and Natural Resources". These resources are necessary to ensure the health and well-being of the population, and include such diverse components as mineral and aggregate reserves, significant wetlands, historic sites, and scenic waterways. The individual components, as set forth by state law (OAR 660-16), are addressed below as sub-policies 16-A through 16-L.

An overlay classification, "Significant Environmental Concern" will be applied to certain areas identified as having one or more of these resource values.

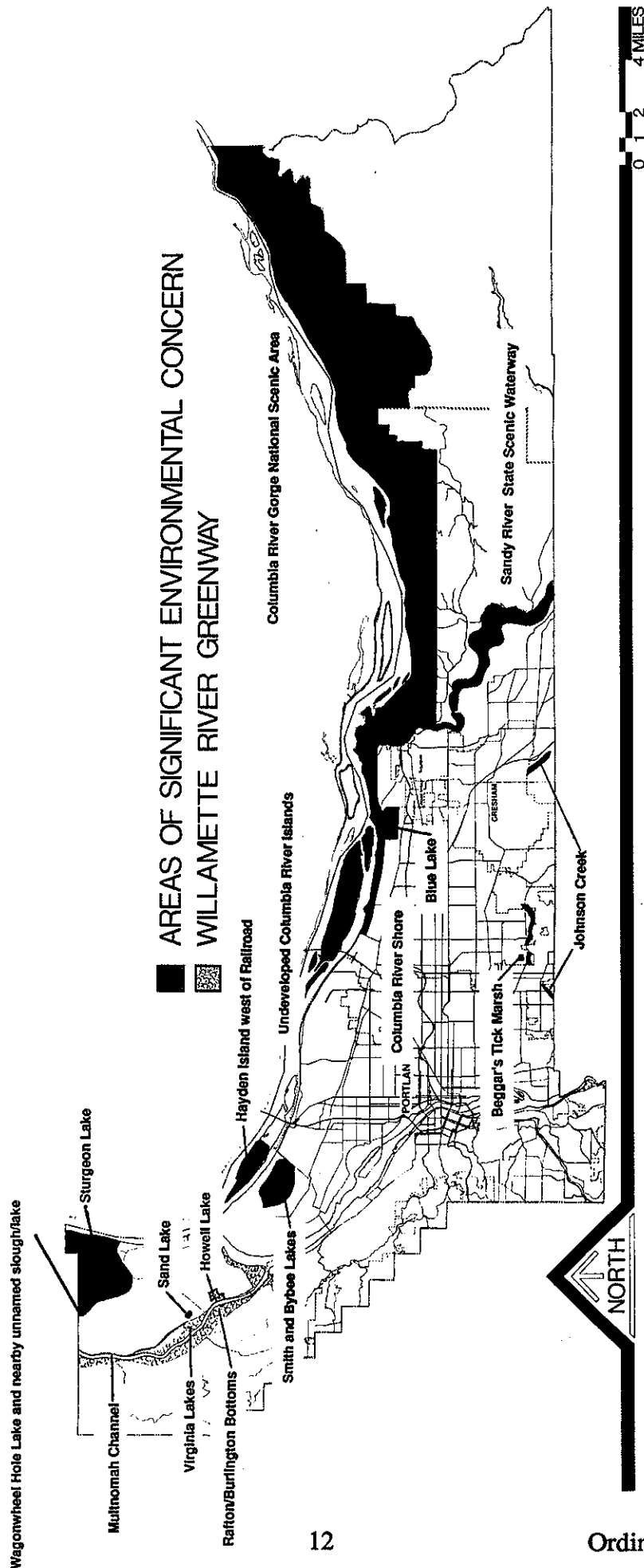
POLICY 16

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO PROTECT NATURAL RESOURCES, ~~AREAS AND TO REQUIRE A FINDING PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF A LEGISLATIVE OR QUASI JUDICIAL ACTION THAT THE LONG-RANGE AVAILABILITY AND USE OF THE FOLLOWING WILL NOT BE LIMITED OR IMPAIRED;~~ CONSERVE OPEN SPACE, AND TO PROTECT SCENIC AND HISTORIC AREAS AND SITES. THESE RESOURCES ARE ADDRESSED WITHIN SUB-POLICIES 16-A THROUGH 16-L.

- ~~A. MINERAL AND AGGREGATE SOURCES;~~**
- ~~B. ENERGY RESOURCE AREAS;~~**
- ~~C. DOMESTIC WATER SUPPLY WATERSHEDS;~~**
- ~~D. FISH HABITAT AREAS; AND~~**
- ~~E. WILDLIFE HABITAT AREAS; AND~~**
- ~~F. ECOLOGICALLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY SIGNIFICANT NATURAL AREAS.~~**

STRATEGIES

- ~~A. As a part of the ongoing planning program, the County should:~~** The county will maintain an inventory of the location, quality, and quantity of each of these resources. Sites with minimal information will be designated "1B", but when sufficient information is available, the County will conduct the necessary ESEE analysis.
 - ~~1. Engage in a survey of mineral and aggregate sources within the County and utilize data, criteria and standards from the most recent study of rock material resources compiled by the State Department of Geology and Mineral Industries.~~**
 - ~~2. Utilize information provided by the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife on big game winter habitat areas, the Nature Conservancy or ecologically significant areas when surveyed and identified as to location, the U.S. Department of Fish and Wildlife in their Wetlands Inventory for the Columbia River, and any other documental information on the listed natural resources in the decision process and for plan revisions.~~**
- ~~B. The following strategies should be addressed in the preparation of the Community Development Title:~~** Certain areas identified as having one or more significant resource values will be protected by the designation Significant Environmental Concern (SEC). This overlay zone will require special procedures for the review of certain types of development allowed in the base zones. This review process will ensure the minimum impact on the values identified within the various areas, and shall be designed to mitigate any lost values to the greatest extent possible. Areas designated SEC are generally depicted on the following map.
 - ~~1. The Zoning Code should include provisions for:~~**
 - ~~a. Mineral and aggregate extraction, and energy generation facilities as conditional uses;~~**
 - ~~b. Protecting natural resources when uses are contemplated through the conditional use provisions;~~**
 - ~~c. The transfer of densities from lands which should be protected for natural resource uses from lands held in the same ownership and adjacent within the Planned Development provisions;~~**
 - ~~d. The establishment of extraction and rehabilitation standards for mineral and aggregate resources.~~**
- ~~C. The following areas shall be designated as "Areas of Significant Environmental Concern":~~**
 - ~~1. The Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area, as defined in federal legisla-~~**



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tion PL 99-663,

2. The Sandy River State Scenic Waterway,
3. Portions of the Mount Hood National Forest,
4. Smith and Bybee Lakes,
5. The Undeveloped Columbia River Islands and Hayden Island west of the Burlington Northern Railroad tracks,
6. Sturgeon Lake,
7. Blue Lake and Columbia River shore area and islands,
8. Johnson Creek,
9. Beggar's Tick Marsh,
10. Virginia Lakes,
11. Rafton/Burlington Bottoms,
12. Multnomah Channel,
13. Sand Lake,
14. Howell Lake,
15. Wagonwheel Hole Lake and nearby unnamed slough/lake to the west,
16. All Class 1 Streams (Oregon State Forestry Department designation) and the adjacent area within 100 feet of the normal high water line, except those within an ESEE designated "2A", "3A" or "3C" mineral and aggregate resource site,

and such other areas as may be determined under established procedures to be suitable for this "area" designation.

- D. Those wetlands and water areas listed in C. above that are located within the Willamette River Greenway (Policy 15) will be protected by development review procedures within the WRG overlay zone instead of the SEC zone.

POLICY 16-A OPEN SPACE

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO CONSERVE OPEN SPACE RESOURCES AND PROTECT OPEN SPACES FROM INCOMPATIBLE AND CONFLICTING LAND USES.

STRATEGIES

1. Designate agricultural and forest lands with large lot zones to conserve the open character of such areas.
2. Apply SEC, WRG, FW and FF overlays along rivers and other water features, as appropriate, to restrict and control the character of development in these areas to enhance open spaces.

3. Review uses conditionally allowed in farm or forest zones to insure that open space resources are conserved and enhanced.

POLICY 16-B MINERAL AND AGGREGATE RESOURCES

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO PROTECT AREAS OF MINERAL AND AGGREGATE SOURCES FROM INAPPROPRIATE LAND USES WHICH COULD LIMIT THEIR FUTURE USE.

STRATEGIES

- A. As a part of the ongoing planning program the County will engage in an inventory of mineral and aggregate sources within the County utilizing data, criteria and standards from the most recent study of rock material resources compiled by the State Department of Geology and Mineral Industries.
- B. During County initiated Comprehensive Plan updates, the County will utilize information made available from other sources regarding the location, quality and quantity of mineral and aggregate resources when that information is verified by such qualified professionals as certified engineering geologists and recognized testing laboratories.
- C. Determination that a particular mineral and aggregate resource site is both "Important" and should be included in the plan inventory is to be based upon the site's proven ability to yield more than 25,000 cubic yards of resource.
- D. "Important" sites should be reviewed using the Statewide Planning Goal 5 "Economic, Social, Environmental, and Energy analysis" (ESEE) procedure as outlined in OAR 660-16-000 through 660-16-025 and only those sites receiving a "2A", "3A", or "3C" designation should be considered for conditional use approval for mineral and aggregate extraction.
- E. In between scheduled plan updates, additional sites may be added to the plan inventory of "Important" sites and receive an ESEE designation by means of the standard plan amendment process initiated by the owner of the resource.
- F. The Zoning Code should include provisions for:
 1. Mineral and aggregate extraction, processing, and distribution as a special conditional use with performance oriented criteria of approval for those sites receiving a "2A", "3A", or "3C" designation as part of the ESEE analysis.
 2. Associated processing and distribution activities as a conditional use that must meet all conditional use requirements if the site is not a "2A", "3A", or "3C" resource location.
 3. The exemption of small scale and farm and forest practice extraction sites from conditional use review.
 4. The establishment of extraction and rehabilitation standards for mineral and aggregate resources in compliance with DOGAMI regulations as applicable.
 5. Protection of natural resources.
 6. A standard setback buffer between "noise-sensitive" land uses and extraction activities.

- (a). The location of proposed extraction activities should be setback from existing “noise-sensitive” uses.
- (b). The location of “noise-sensitive” land uses should be setback from both existing mining activities and designated ESEE “2A”, “3A”, and “3C” resource site boundaries.
- (c). Some reduction in the setback buffers may be appropriate if the “noise-sensitive” land use property owner agrees to record a non-remonstrance deed restriction agreeing to the reduced distance.

POLICY 16-C ENERGY SOURCES

IT IS THE COUNTY’S POLICY TO PROTECT SITES REQUIRED FOR GENERATION OF ENERGY.

STRATEGIES

- A. Maintain an inventory of energy sources within the county.
- B. Coordinate with appropriate regulatory or licensing authorities in the protection of sites required for energy generation.
- C. The Zoning Code should include provisions for energy generation facilities as a conditional use.

POLICY 16-D FISH AND WILDLIFE HABITAT

IT IS THE COUNTY’S POLICY TO PROTECT SIGNIFICANT FISH AND WILDLIFE HABITAT, AND TO SPECIFICALLY LIMIT CONFLICTING USES WITHIN SENSITIVE BIG GAME WINTER HABITAT AREAS.

STRATEGIES

- A. Utilize information provided by the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife to identify significant habitat areas, and to delineate sensitive big game winter habitat areas.
- B. Apply the SEC overlay zone to all significant habitat areas not already zoned Willamette River Greenway.
- C. Include provisions within the Zoning Ordinance to review development proposals which may affect sensitive big game winter habitat areas.

POLICY 16-E NATURAL AREAS

IT IS THE COUNTY’S POLICY TO PROTECT NATURAL AREAS FROM INCOMPATIBLE DEVELOPMENT AND TO SPECIFICALLY LIMIT THOSE USES WHICH WOULD IRREPARABLY DAMAGE THE NATURAL AREA VALUES OF THE SITE.

STRATEGIES

- A. Utilize information from the Oregon Natural Heritage Program to maintain a current inventory of all ecologically and scientifically significant natural areas.

- B. Apply the SEC overlay zone to all areas not otherwise protected by Willamette River Greenway zoning or outright ownership by a public or private agency with a policy to preserve natural area values of the site.**

POLICY 16-F SCENIC VIEWS AND SITES

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO CONSERVE SCENIC RESOURCES AND PROTECT SUCH AREAS FROM INCOMPATIBLE AND CONFLICTING LAND USES.

STRATEGIES

- A. Apply the SEC overlay zone to the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area and the Sandy River State Scenic Waterway to assure the scenic resources of these areas are not diminished as new development occurs.**
- B. Coordinate reviews of development proposals within SEC areas with other affected agencies (i.e., Columbia River Gorge Commission, National Forest Service, State Parks and Recreation Division Rivers Program, County Parks Division).**
- C. Enforce large lot zoning regulations in resource areas to conserve scenic qualities associated with farm and forest lands.**
- D. Apply the WRG overlay zone to lands within the Willamette River Greenway. Review new development within the greenway to assure scenic values are not diminished.**
- E. Administer Design Review provisions to enhance visual qualities of the built environment.**

POLICY 16-G WATER RESOURCES AND WETLANDS

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO PROTECT AND, WHERE APPROPRIATE, DESIGNATE AS AREAS OF SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN, THOSE WATER AREAS, WETLANDS, WATERSHEDS, AND GROUNDWATER RESOURCES HAVING SPECIAL PUBLIC VALUE IN TERMS OF THE FOLLOWING:

- A. ECONOMIC VALUE;**
- B. RECREATION VALUE;**
- C. EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH VALUE (ECOLOGICALLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY SIGNIFICANT LANDS);**
- D. PUBLIC SAFETY, (MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY WATERSHEDS, WATER QUALITY, FLOOD WATER STORAGE AREAS, VEGETATION NECESSARY TO STABILIZE RIVER BANKS AND SLOPES);**
- E. NATURAL AREA VALUE, (AREAS VALUED FOR THEIR FRAGILE CHARACTER AS HABITATS FOR PLANT, ANIMAL OR AQUATIC LIFE, OR HAVING ENDANGERED PLANT OR ANIMAL SPECIES).**

STRATEGIES

- A. Wetland areas that attain 45 or more points of the possible 96 points on the**

“Wildlife Habitat Assessment” (WHA) rating form will be designated “Significant”. Sites with ratings of 35 or more may be determined “Significant” if they function in providing connections between and enhancement of higher rated adjacent habitat areas.

The WHA is a standardized rating system for evaluating the wildlife habitat values of a site. The form was cooperatively developed by staff from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, The Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Audubon Society of Portland, The Wetlands Conservancy, and the City of Beaverton Planning Bureau.

- B. Significant water and wetland areas identified as a “2A”, “3A”, or “3C” site using the Statewide Planning Goal 5 “Economic, Social, Environmental, and Energy analysis” procedure as outlined in OAR 660-16-000 through 660-16-025 shall be designated as “Areas of Significant Environmental Concern” and protected by either the SEC or WRG overlay zone.**
- C. Wetlands information gathered by and made available to the County shall be utilized as follows:**
 - 1. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife National Wetland Inventory (NWI) maps should be consulted at the beginning stages of any development proposal in order to alert the property owner/developer of the U.S. Corps of Engineers and Division of State Lands permit requirements.**
 - 2. Wetlands shown on the NWI maps which are determined to not be important by the county after field study should be indicated as such on 1"-200' aerial photographs made part of the State Goal 5 supporting documents.**
 - 3. Boundaries of “Significant” wetlands located within the SEC and WRG overlay zones should be depicted on 1"=200' aerial photographs.**
 - 4. Additional information on wetland sites should be added to the plan and supporting documents as part of a scheduled plan update or by the standard plan amendment process initiated at the discretion of the county.**
- D. Although a wetland area may not meet the County criteria for the designation "Significant", the resource may still be of sufficient importance to be protected by State and Federal agencies.**
- E. The zoning code should include provisions requiring a finding prior to approval of a legislative or quasi-judicial action that the long-range availability and use of domestic water supply watersheds will not be limited or impaired.**

POLICY 16-H WILDERNESS AREAS

IT IS THE COUNTY’S POLICY TO RECOGNIZE THE VALUE OF WILDERNESS AMONG THE MANY RESOURCES DERIVED FROM PUBLIC LANDS.

STRATEGIES

- A. The Columbia Wilderness shall be designated as a Goal 5 Resource Site.**
- B. The SEC overlay zone shall be applied to the Columbia Wilderness.**

- C. The county shall coordinate with federal land management agencies and Congressional staff in the formulation of proposals for any additional wilderness areas.
- D. All parcels of federal land which meet federal guidelines for wilderness and which fit the definition outlined in the Findings document shall be recommended for wilderness designation.

POLICY 16-I HISTORIC RESOURCES

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO RECOGNIZE SIGNIFICANT HISTORIC RESOURCES, AND TO APPLY APPROPRIATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION MEASURES TO ALL DESIGNATED HISTORIC SITES.

STRATEGIES

- A. Maintain an inventory of significant historic resources which meet the historical site criteria outlined below.
- B. Utilize the National Register of Historic Places and the recommendations of the State Advisory Committee on Historic Preservation in the designation of historic sites.
- C. Develop and maintain a historical preservation process for Multnomah County which includes:
 - 1. A review of the laws related to historic preservation.
 - 2. A program for ongoing identification and registration of significant sites, working with area citizens groups, the Oregon Historical Society, the Oregon Natural History Museum and other historic and archeological associations.
 - 3. Developing a handbook on historic preservation to assist county staff, area citizen groups, land owners and developers in understanding and using applicable federal and state programs.
 - 4. Fostering, through ordinances or other means, the private restoration and maintenance of historic structures for compatible uses and development based on historic values.
 - 5. Encouraging the installation of appropriate plaques or markers on identified sites and structures.
- D. The Zoning Code should:
 - 1. Include an Historic Preservation overlay district which will provide for the protection of significant historic areas and sites.
 - 2. Include conditional use provisions to allow new sites to be established to preserve historic structures and sites.
 - 3. Provide for a 120-day delay period for the issuance of a demolition permit or a building permit that substantially alters the historic nature of the site or building. During this period, a review of the permit application, including the impacts and possible means to offset the impacts should be undertaken.
 - 4. On-site density transfer in order to protect historic areas and protect unique

features.

HISTORICAL SITE CRITERIA

- A. **Historical Significance** - Property is associated with significant past events, personages, trends or values and has the capacity to evoke one or more of the dominant themes of national or local history.
- B. **Architectural Significance** - (Rarity of Type and/or Style). Property is a prime example of a stylistic or structural type, or is representative of a type once common and is among the last examples surviving in the county. Property is a prototype or significant work of an architect, builder or engineer noted in the history of architecture and construction in Multnomah County.
- C. **Environmental Considerations** - Current land use surrounding the property contributes to an aura of the historic period, or property defines important space.
- D. **Physical Integrity** - Property is essentially as constructed on original site. Sufficient original workmanship and material remain to serve as instruction in period fabrication.
- E. **Symbolic Value** - Through public interest, sentiment, uniqueness or other factors, property has come to connote an ideal, institution, political entity or period.
- F. **Chronology** - Property was developed early in the relative scale of local history or was an early expression of type/style.

POLICY 16-J CULTURAL AREAS

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO PROTECT CULTURAL AREAS AND ARCHEOLOGICAL RESOURCES, AND TO PREVENT CONFLICTING USES FROM DISRUPTING THE SCIENTIFIC VALUE OF KNOWN SITES.

STRATEGIES

- A. Maintain information on file regarding the location of known archeological sites. Although not made available to the general public, this information will be used to insure the sites are not degraded through incompatible land use actions.
- B. Coordinate with the State Archaeologist in the State Historic Preservation Office regarding the identification and recognition of significant archeological resources.
- C. Encourage landowners to notify state authorities upon discovering artifacts or other evidence of past cultures on their property.
- D. Work with the LCDC Archeological Committee in devising equitable and effective methods of identifying and protecting archeological resources.

POLICY 16-K RECREATION TRAILS

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO RECOGNIZE THE FOLLOWING TRAILS AS POTENTIAL STATE RECREATION TRAILS:

**COLUMBIA GORGE TRAIL
SANDY RIVER TRAIL**

PORTLAND TO THE COAST TRAIL NORTHWEST OREGON LOOP BICYCLE ROUTE

STRATEGIES

- A. Coordinate with ODOT and any other public or private agency to resolve any conflicts which may arise over the development of these trails.**
- B. Address these trails as Goal 5 resource sites whenever the trail route becomes specifically identified, built, proposed, or designated.**

POLICY 16-L WILD AND SCENIC WATERWAYS

IT IS THE COUNTY'S POLICY TO PROTECT ALL STATE OR FEDERAL DESIGNATED SCENIC WATERWAYS FROM INCOMPATIBLE DEVELOPMENT AND TO PREVENT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF CONFLICTING USES WITHIN SCENIC WATERWAYS.

STRATEGIES

- A. Coordinate with the Oregon State Parks and Recreation Division in the review and regulation of all development proposals or land management activities within the Sandy River State Scenic Waterway.**
- B. Apply the SEC overlay zone to the Sandy River State Scenic Waterway to ensure proper recognition of the waterway and to further mitigate the impacts on uses allowed within the underlying resource zones.**
- C. Coordinate with the U.S. Forest Service in the review and regulation of all development proposals or land management activities within the federal wild and scenic river segment of the Sandy River.**
- D. Work with state and federal agencies or other interested parties in developing proposals for scenic waterway protection of other stream segments in the county.**

F. POLICY 18 - COMMUNITY IDENTITY

INTRODUCTION

Community identity is a feeling people have about their community, and it serves many functions. An identifiable community allows a person to immediately have a place of reference. For those people who live in a community, it provides a sense of place and belonging. Evidence has also shown that a sense of identity tends to generate pride and encourages people to maintain and enhance their place of residence.

Community identity can be achieved as a part of the Community Development Process through:

- 1. The identification and reinforcement of visible boundaries or edges to each community which can be man-made or natural features.**
- 2. The preservation of a distinctive or unique natural feature such as natural drainageways, timber stands, and significant land forms. These distinctive features provide visual variety and interest to**

a community, as well as to provide a sense of identity.

3. The location scale and functional design of community services such as roads, parks, hospitals, schools, and fire stations. These community elements provide community focal points, paths, places and boundaries in a manner which support community pride and long term stability. Streets can be designed, located, and landscaped to be functional as well as being an integral part of the community. Community service buildings also become a focal point for cultural or educational activities and serve to reinforce identity.
4. ~~The preservation of historic landmarks and scenic areas. Historic features are also important to a historical perspective and promote a sense of pride. Significant historic landmarks and scenic areas in unincorporated Multnomah County can be preserved and protected if landowners, investors, community groups and the County work in concert.~~

~~Today, identification of historic sites has been accomplished through several efforts. The Division of Planning conducted a limited survey in 1978 and identified several sites and structures throughout the County. Other surveys and site identification has occurred in the Columbia River Gorge and on Sauvie Island. Three sites have been placed on the National Register of Historic Places: the Bybee Howell House on Sauvie Island, the Vista House at Crown Point and Multnomah Falls Lodge. In addition, historic markers have been placed at Fort William, Sauvie Island Pioneer Cemetery, Sandy River Bridge, Broughton's Expedition, and many other sites that were identified by the County's Historic Sites Advisory Committee.~~

~~No comprehensive archeological survey of the County exists, and further inventorying is needed to identify other potential historic areas. Standards have been established by Federal and State law, and there are Federal and State funding programs for acquisition and maintenance of these areas.~~

POLICY 18

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO CREATE, MAINTAIN OR ENHANCE COMMUNITY IDENTITY BY:

- A. IDENTIFYING AND REINFORCING COMMUNITY BOUNDARIES;
- B. IDENTIFYING SIGNIFICANT NATURAL FEATURES AND REQUIRING THESE TO BE PRESERVED;
- C. REQUIRING IDENTIFIED SIGNIFICANT NATURAL FEATURES BE PRESERVED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS;
- ~~D. REQUIRING THE PRESERVATION OF SIGNIFICANT HISTORICAL LANDMARKS AND DISTRICTS, AND ARCHEOLOGICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL SITES WHICH HAVE BEEN SO DESIGNATED BY A FEDERAL OR STATE AGENCY OR MEET THE HISTORIC SITE DESIGNATION CRITERIA CONTAINED IN THIS PLAN.~~

HISTORICAL SITE CRITERIA

- ~~A. Historical Significance Property is associated with significant past events, personages, trends or values and has the capacity to evoke one or more of the dominant themes of national or local history.~~

- ~~B. **Architectural Significance** (Rarity of Type and/or Style). Property is a prime example of a stylistic or structural type, or is representative of a type once common and is among the last examples surviving in the County. Property is a prototype or significant work of an architect, builder or engineer noted in the history of architecture and construction in Multnomah County.~~
- ~~C. **Environmental Considerations** Current land use surrounding the property contributes to an aura of the historic period, or property defines important space.~~
- ~~D. **Physical Integrity** Property is essentially as constructed on original site. Sufficient original workmanship and material remain to serve as instruction in period fabrication.~~
- ~~E. **Symbolic Value** Through public interest, sentiment, uniqueness or other factors, property has come to connote an ideal, institution, political entity or period.~~
- ~~F. **Chronology** Property was developed early in the relative scale of local history or was an early expression of type/style.~~

STRATEGIES

- A. As a part of the continuing planning program, the County shall:
 - 1. Maintain an inventory of unique natural features in each community and preserve them through the Design Review Process or other appropriate means;
 - 2. Identify the need and appropriate locations for public facilities in each community plan;
 - ~~3. **Develop and maintain a historical preservation process for Multnomah County which includes:**~~
 - ~~a. **A review of the laws related to historic preservation.**~~
 - ~~b. **A program for ongoing identification and registration of significant sites, working with area citizens groups, the Oregon Historical Society, the Oregon Natural History Museum, and other historic and archeological associations.**~~
 - ~~c. **Developing a handbook on historic preservation to assist County staff, area citizen groups, land owners and developers in understanding and using applicable Federal and State programs.**~~
 - ~~d. **Fostering, through ordinances or other means, the private restoration and maintenance of historic structures for compatible uses and development based on historic values.**~~
 - ~~e. **Encouraging the installation of appropriate plaques or markers on identified sites and structures.**~~
- B. These strategies should be addressed as part of the Community Development Chapter:
 - ~~1. **The Zoning Chapter should:**~~
 - ~~a. **include an Historic Preservation Overlay District which will provide for the protection of identified historic areas and sites;**~~

- ~~b. include conditional use provisions to allow new uses to be established to preserve historic structures and sites;~~
- ~~c. provide for a 120-day delay period for the issuance of a demolition permit or a building permit that substantially alters the historic nature of the site or building. During this period, a review of the permit application, including the impacts and possible means to offset these impacts should be undertaken;~~
- ~~d. on-site density transfer in order to protect historic areas and protect unique features;~~
- e 1. design review approval for all community facilities.
- 3 2. The Street Standards Chapter should provide for special street tree programs for streets which serve as community boundaries.

G. POLICY 39: ~~OPEN SPACE~~ PARKS AND RECREATION PLANNING

INTRODUCTION

~~Open space is defined in broadest terms as all land that supports vegetation rather than structures. It can range from forest or agricultural lands to landscaped areas in parking lots. Recreation refers to spaces and facilities developed for people to use during their leisure time.~~

A basic need of people is to pursue activities in non-work hours which recreate one's mental and physical condition. From children learning to socialize through play, to elderly people being outdoors for a walk or to sit in the sun, recreation plays an important part in the life cycle. The major requisite for outdoor recreation is space within which activities take place. These spaces can be intensively developed parks, natural areas along waterways, vacant lots, or even streets and roads.

The need for providing easily accessible areas for outdoor recreation is increasingly important in metropolitan jurisdictions such as Multnomah County; outdoor recreation can offer an escape from crime, pollution, crowding, a sedentary work life, and other problems associated with urban living. Providing nearby recreational space for leisure time activity is important also in the conservation of non-renewable energy resources and addressing problems related to the currently depressed economy, such as decreased household income. Recreational opportunities provided near residential areas would mean less costs to participants in terms of travel time, gas, etc.

Parks systems are generally developed in a hierarchical system composed of neighborhood, community and regional parks. Within this system are specialized recreation areas ranging from wilderness hiking trails to swimming areas, golf courses, play fields, and tot lots. Multnomah County's park system includes: one historical site, three boat ramps, one campground, two islands in the Columbia River, three regional parks, two community parks, 34 neighborhood parks and four playlots. In addition, three proposed Statewide Oregon Recreation Trails: Portland to the coast, the Columbia River Gorge, and the Sandy River Trails will provide hiking opportunities and scenic and recreational access.

A component of the County's recreation system is the 40-Mile Loop, a network of connecting jogging, hiking, and bicycle paths that encircle Multnomah County.

~~Recreation and open-space~~ **Parks and recreation areas** are provided by both the public and private sectors; however, the major share of the responsibility to develop and maintain parks has historically rested with the public.

While the implementation of ~~an open-space parks~~ and recreation system is primarily a public responsibility, the County has increasingly limited financial resources and, therefore, cannot guarantee such a system.

~~Open-space~~ **Parks** and recreation planning and implementation will require the communities to work with the County and provide direction as to their needs and how those needs can be met. The County has established a Parks Commission to help promote and coordinate neighborhood park development. The duties of this Commission include developing short-term and long-range objectives, strategies, work programs and projects designed to meet the recreation needs of County residents.

The purpose of this policy is to serve as a directive to the County in its park and recreation planning program.

POLICY 39

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO OPERATE ITS ESTABLISHED ~~OPEN SPACE, AND~~ **PARKS AND RECREATION PROGRAM** TO THE DEGREE FISCAL RESOURCES PERMIT, AND TO:

- A. WORK WITH RESIDENTS, COMMUNITY GROUPS AND PARKS COMMISSION TO IDENTIFY RECREATION NEEDS, TO MAINTAIN AND DEVELOP NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS, AND TO IDENTIFY USES FOR UNDER-DEVELOPED PARK LANDS.
- B. WORK WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES, COMMUNITY GROUPS AND PRIVATE INTERESTS TO SECURE AVAILABLE FUNDS FOR DEVELOPMENT, MAINTENANCE AND ACQUISITION OF PARK SITES AND RECREATION FACILITIES FOR PARK PURPOSES.
- C. ENCOURAGE THE DEVELOPMENT OF RECREATION OPPORTUNITIES BY OTHER PUBLIC AGENCIES AND PRIVATE ENTITIES;
- ~~D. COORDINATE WITH APPROPRIATE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE AGENCIES AND INDIVIDUALS TO RESOLVE ANY POTENTIAL CONFLICTS WHICH MAY ARISE OVER THE DEVELOPMENT OF OR PROTECTION OF THE OREGON RECREATION TRAILS SYSTEM. IN MULTNOMAH COUNTY, POTENTIAL STATE RECREATION TRAILS INCLUDE THE PORTLAND TO THE COAST TRAIL, THE SANDY RIVER TRAIL, THE COLUMBIA GORGE HIKING TRAIL, THE NORTHWEST OREGON LOOP BICYCLE TRAIL, AND THE 40 MILE LOOP.~~
- E D. IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN THAT PORTION OF THE PROPOSED 40 MILE LOOP JOGGING, HIKING, BICYCLING TRAIL SYSTEM WHICH IS IN PUBLIC OWNERSHIP, BY:**
 - 1. REQUIRING DEDICATION OF RIGHTS-OF-WAY/EASEMENTS BY THOSE DEVELOPING PROPERTY ALONG THE PROPOSED 40 MILE LOOP CORRIDOR.
 - 2. COORDINATING WITH THE BICYCLE CORRIDOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM THROUGH EMPHASIS ON DEVELOPMENT OF BIKEWAYS AS CONNECTIONS TO THE SYSTEM.

3. COORDINATING AND ASSISTING OTHER JURISDICTIONS IN STUDIES OF ROUTE ALIGNMENT OF THE 40 MILE LOOP.
4. COORDINATING THE 40 MILE LOOP LAND TRUST STUDIES OF ROUTE ALIGNMENT OF THE 40 MILE LOOP AND DIRECT ASSISTANCE IN ACQUIRING EASEMENTS AND/OR RIGHTS—OF-WAY.
5. ADOPTING TRAIL AND BIKEWAY STANDARDS FOR SEGMENTS OF THE 40 MILE LOOP.

STRATEGIES

- A. As part of the continuing planning program for parks and open space, the County has appointed a County Parks Commission to work in concert with the County to:
 1. Address objectives necessary for the County to meet eligibility criteria for receipt of public and private resources.
 2. ~~Develop a long range master park plan for Multnomah County to be recommended to the Board for adoption~~ Follow the guidelines and directives of the 1984 Multnomah County Neighborhood Park Master Plan in the future maintenance and development of the neighborhood park system.
 3. Raise funds for park purposes as best serves the goals of the Parks Commission, the Parks Master Plan, and the County.
- B. The County should consider the rights and privileges of recreational boaters when evaluating land development proposals.
- C. The continuing planning program should include, in the update of Community Plans, identification of:
 1. specific recreation needs;
 2. plans for developing and maintaining specific park sites; and
 3. implementation strategies.
- D. The County should continue to:
 1. Review all tax foreclosure lands for potential open space or recreational uses.
 2. Coordinate with other agencies and assist in the location of public recreation facilities, including Oregon Recreation Trails in the County.
- E. The Zoning Ordinance should include provisions for privately owned and operated recreational facilities as conditional uses in zones viewed as appropriate by the individual communities.

H. POLICY 40: DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS

INTRODUCTION

While most ~~open-space~~ **park** and recreation systems involve specific sites, an ideal system is connected by pedestrian and bicycle paths. It is, therefore, important to examine each development proposal for the purpose of determining whether a connection through the site should be provided. In addition, public agencies construct roads and sewer and water systems and often purchase or acquire easements to land. During this process, it is important to determine if there is a multiple use potential.

It is also important to recognize that inclusion of ~~open-spaces~~ **parks** and landscaped areas in industrial, commercial and multiple family developments is an essential part of the system by providing visual variety and interest to the landscape. These areas can also be used by people as places to rest and relax, and are as important as large recreation areas.

The purpose of this policy is to provide a review process to assure that development proposals will not preclude an interconnected ~~open-space~~ **park** and recreation system. It is also intended to encourage ~~open-space-areas~~ **park** in large developments where people can sit and enjoy the surroundings.

POLICY 40

THE COUNTY'S POLICY IS TO ENCOURAGE A CONNECTED PARK AND ~~OPEN SPACE~~ RECREATION SYSTEM AND TO PROVIDE FOR SMALL PRIVATE ~~OPEN SPACE~~ RECREATION AREAS BY REQUIRING A FINDING PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF LEGISLATIVE OR QUASI-JUDICIAL ACTION THAT:

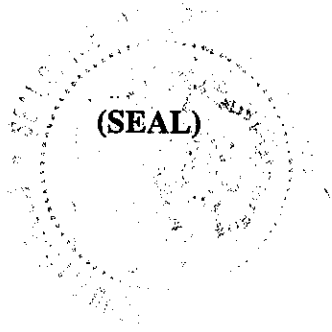
- A. PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE PATH CONNECTIONS TO PARKS, ~~OPEN SPACE~~ RECREATION AREAS AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES WILL BE DEDICATED WHERE APPROPRIATE AND WHERE DESIGNATED IN THE BICYCLE CORRIDOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM AND MAP.**
- B. LANDSCAPED AREAS WITH BENCHES WILL BE PROVIDED IN COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND MULTIPLE FAMILY DEVELOPMENTS, WHERE APPROPRIATE.**
- C. AREAS FOR BICYCLE PARKING FACILITIES WILL BE REQUIRED IN DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS, WHERE APPROPRIATE.**

SECTION 3. ADOPTION

This ordinance being necessary for the health, safety, and welfare of the people of Multnomah County, an emergency is declared to exist and this ordinance shall take effect on its passage, pursuant to Section 5.50 of the Charter of Multnomah County.

ADOPTED THIS 20th day of February 19~~89~~⁹⁰, being the date of its second reading before the Board of County Commissioners of Multnomah County.

**BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON**



By Gladys McCoy
Gladys McCoy, County Chair

Reviewed:
Lawrence Kressel, Multnomah County Counsel

by: John DuBay
John DuBay
Chief Deputy County Counsel