

State Budget Rebalance
Public Safety
Multnomah County Circuit Court

Reducing Recidivism

Promoting Community Safety

Preventing Re-victimization

Impact of Budget Reductions

- 34 FTE--@ 10% of budget
- Judicial Assistants spend 25% of time in court operations;
- Reduced ability to supervise the 10,000 offenders on bench probation;
- Compressed court dockets;
- Degraded response time to court users;
- Increased reliance on system partners

Needs of The Courts

- Jail (pre-trial and post-conviction)
- Prison
- Probation: Close monitoring through DCJ and Bench Probation
- JAIL ON WEEKENDS
- Treatment: Through DCJ and TX Courts
- Fines/Fees/Restitution
- Community Service

Incarceration : Pre-trial Detention

(Requiring Court Review for Release)

- Murder/AggMurder/Treason
- Measure 11
- FAPA Restraining Order Violation
- Offense involving Domestic Violence (ORS 135.230)
- Person Crime with prior person offense pending disposition or on supervision for person offense

- DUI with two prior DUI convictions
- Offense of Possession of a firearm by a person with a conviction for Felon in Possession of a firearm
- Convicted Person serving a sentence
- Offense of Failure to Register/Report as Sex Offender
- PC arrest for violation of No Contact Order

Incarceration: Post-Conviction **(Sentencing, PV's)**

- Jail and Prison:
 - Best used for high risk offenders
 - Best used as swift sanction
- Probation with Treatment
 - 30% reduction in recidivism for some offenders
- Crime Prevention
 - H.S. education, parenting education/ early multi-systemic intervention

What Courts Need in Addition to Jail and Prison

- Formal Probation (DCJ)
 - Full menu of options:
 - Treatment: substance abuse, mental health, sex offender, anger management, domestic violence, parenting, etc.
 - Weekend jail beds (TSI program) for restitution
 - Community service
 - Fines/ restitution